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Windsor, August 24.

THE following Address from the County of Perth, was presented to Her Majesty by the Right Hon. the Marquis of Tullibardine; being introduced by his Grace the Duke of Buckingham, Lord President of Her Majesty's Council.

To the QUEEN's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Noblemen, Gentlemen, and Freeholders of the Shire of Perth, in Scotland.

GIVE us leave (most gracious Sovereign) amidst the general Voice of Joy and Congratulation for the happy conclusion of the Peace, to express the Sense we have of that inestimable Blessing, and offer our most humble Thanks for it. 'Tis a Blessing (next to Almighty G O D) we owe to Your Majesty's wise Conduct, and tender Concern for Your People; supported by the Prudence and indefatigable Pains of Your faithful Ministry: And our Ingratitude would be beyond Excuse, if such an Instance of Goodness did not engage us to all possible Returns of Duty.

Providence has at last blest Your Endeavours to make Your People happy in a Peace: The Opposition it has met with from ill-designing Men, has served only to render Your Conduct the more conspicuous, and 'tis with the greatest Joy we behold Your Majesty, by Your Wisdom, superior to all their Artifices, and the Glory they envied You increas'd, by their vain Endeavours to obstruct it.

You have, Madam, by a Felicity common to few Princes, added to the Triumphs of War, the Honour of giving Peace; and joined in Your Person, the two most glorious Titles of Peaceful and Victorious; but from Your Subjects You deserve a Title still more illustrious and Uncommon, That of a most gracious Queen, and Mother of Your People.

May Your Majesty's Reign be very long and prosperous, and may there now in time of Peace, be no other Contentions amongst Your People, but who shall shew themselves most dutiful and grateful to Your Majesty.

The following Addresses were presented to Her Majesty by his Grace the Duke of Ormond, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

The humble Address of the High Sheriff, Justices of the Peace, Clergy, Grand Jury, Gentlemen, and Freeholders of the County of Armagh, at the Assizes held for the said County, the 23d of July, 1713.

The humble Address of the Governor, Deputy Governors, Justices of the Peace, Grand Jury, and other Gentlemen and Freeholders of the County of Downe, at a general Assizes held at Downpatrick, the 11th of July, 1713.

The humble Address of the High Sheriff, Grand Jury, Justices of the Peace, Gentlemen, Freeholders, and others of the County of Antrim, at the Assizes

held at Carrickfergus, for the said County, the 17th of July, 1713.

The humble Address of the Sheriff, Grand Jury, Justices of the Peace, Clergy, Gentlemen and Freeholders of the County of Wexford, at the general Assizes held at Wexford, the 25th of July, 1713.

Which Addresses Her Majesty received very graciously.

Venice, August 11. N. S. The Great Chancellor Signor Pietro Businello, dy'd Yesterday, after a very short Indisposition, and the Senate have elected Signor Nicolosi, one of the chief Secretaries, to succeed him in that Employment. The Procurator Ruzzini, Ambassador from the Republick to the States General, is recall'd. The Imperial Troops designed for the Rhine, are pass'd quite through the Veronese; and those that came lately into the Mantuan from Final, are now upon their March towards Tirol. Letters from Rome bring an Account, that the Congregation of Health had made several strict Orders to prevent the Plague, which is said to be at Vienna, from spreading into the Ecclesiastical Territories. A second Monitorio had been posted up against the Ministers of the Duke of Savoy, in which the Censures of the first are confirm'd, the Secular Power condemn'd, and those who have offended against the Ecclesiastical Immunities, are threatned to be proceeded against by a formal Excommunication, according to the Canons, without any regard to Persons of the highest Rank or Dignity. As the Edict of the Court of Turin, declaring the first Monitorio to be of no force, is sign'd by his Royal Highness, who has also rejected the Proposals that have been made for an Accommodation, it is thought this Affair will produce very great Consequences. The Disputes with the Republick of Genoa likewise grow much warmer, and the Pope insists that the Friar Granelli should come to Rome, and submit to his Mercy. A Congregation had been held upon the Differences between the Bishop of Lece, and the Civil Power of Naples, and the Bishop's Conduct was disapproved of.

Vienna, August 12. N. S. Some Days ago it was resolv'd at a Meeting of the Imperial Ministers, to forbid all Communication between Austria and other Parts of his Majesty's Dominions that are free from any Infection, and to appoint Places on the Frontiers, where all Passengers should perform a Quarentine. This Resolution was approved by the Emperor, and notice has been given for those who have a mind to withdraw from hence to do it within three Days, after which the Passages will be shut up. It is thought their Imperial Majesties will go very soon to the Castle of Ebersdorf, in order to reside there, while the Contagious Distempers continue in this City. Letters from Constantinople bring an Account, that a Fire had broke out there, which had burnt down a great number of Houses.

Copenhagen, August 19. N. S. We have received Advice from Stockholm, that Intelligence being